

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS



AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Cameron University June 30, 2021

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1

Management's Discussion and Analysis4

Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	12
Statement of Cash Flows	14
Notes to Financial Statements	16

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - OTRS	59
Schedule of the University's Contributions – OTRS	60
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – President's Retirement Plan – Plan 2	61
Schedule of Employer Contributions – President's Retirement Plan – Plan 2	62
Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset - OTRS OPEB	63
Schedule of Employer Contributions – OTRS OPEB	. 64

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of	
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards – Independent Auditor's Report.	



Independent Auditor's Report

Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University Norman, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Cameron University (the University), an organizational unit of the Regents of the University of Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, Cameron University Foundation (the Foundation). Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Foundation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



Board of Regents of University of Oklahoma Cameron University Page 2

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of the University as of June 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Reporting Entity

As discussed in *Note 1*, the financial statements of the University are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows of only the activities of the University and Foundation. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of The University of Oklahoma as of June 30, 2021, the changes in its financial position, or its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and the pension and other postemployment benefit information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the required schedules of changes in the Total Pension Liability and related ratios for Supplementary Plan 1 that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Board of Regents of University of Oklahoma Cameron University Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated October 29, 2021, on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BKD,LIP

October 29, 2021

Cameron University Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

This section of Cameron University's (the University) financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of the University's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2021. Since this management's discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting change, and current known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the University's basic financial statements and footnotes. The overview of the financial statements and financial analysis is presented for fiscal year 2021, with fiscal year 2020 data presented for comparative purposes.

Financial Analysis of the University as a Whole

The basic financial statements of the University are the statement of net position; statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statement of cash flows. The statement of net position presents the financial position of the University at June 30, 2021. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position summarizes the University's financial activity for the year ended June 30, 2021. The statement of cash flows, presented using the direct method, reflects the effects on cash that result from the University's operating activities, investing activities, and capital and noncapital financing activities for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The following schedules are prepared from the University's basic financial statements. With the exception of the statement of cash flows, the statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred and assets are capitalized and depreciated.

Statement of Net Position

This statement is presented in categories, namely assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. The assets are classified between current and noncurrent assets. Current assets include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, and other assets. Noncurrent assets include cash, cash equivalents, and investments that are restricted for long-term purposes, such as investment in capital assets, or have scheduled maturities exceeding one year. Noncurrent assets also include receivables restricted for investment in capital assets as well as capital assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, equipment, library materials, and construction in progress. Capital assets, with the exception of land and construction in progress, are shown net of depreciation.

Deferred outflows of resources are consumptions of net assets that are applicable to a future period. It includes costs associated with pensions. Deferred inflows of resources are acquisitions of net assets that are applicable to a future period. It includes credits associated with debt restructuring and pensions.

Liabilities are also classified between current and noncurrent. Current liabilities include accounts payable, accrued expenses, unearned revenue, and the portion of noncurrent liabilities expected to be paid in the upcoming fiscal year. These liabilities represent obligations due within one year. Noncurrent liabilities include the portion of accrued compensated absences, capital lease obligation, and net pension obligation expected to be paid in fiscal year 2023 or thereafter.

At June 30, 2021, the University had approximately \$16.6 million in outstanding bonds and capital leases. Additional information related to the University's long-term debt is presented in *Note 5* to the financial statements.

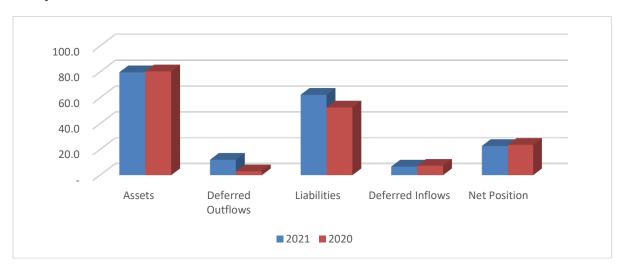
Total net position decreased to \$22.8 million in fiscal year 2021 from \$23.6 million in fiscal year 2020.

Following is a comparison of the summarized financial position, net position, and capital assets of the University at June 30 (in millions):

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	2	021	2	020
Assets				
Current assets	\$	18.2	\$	16.7
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets, net of depreciation		56.9		56.7
Other		4.6		7.0
Total assets		79.7		80.4
Deferred Outflows of Resources		12.0		3.0
Liabilities				
Current liabilities		4.8		4.5
Noncurrent liabilities		57.4		48.0
Total liabilities		62.2		52.5
Deferred Inflows of Resources		6.7		7.3
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		38.9		37.6
Restricted – expendable		5.9		7.7
Restricted – nonexpendable		0.1		0.1
Unrestricted		(22.1)		(21.8)
Total net position	\$	22.8	\$	23.6

Analysis of Net Position



	 2021	:	2020
Capital Assets, Net			
Land	\$ 0.5	\$	0.5
Buildings and improvements	105.2		103.5
Infrastructure	9.6		9.6
Equipment	15.2		15.1
Library materials	11.2		11.1
Construction in progress	 2.6		1.2
	144.3		141.0
Accumulated depreciation	 (87.4)		(84.3)
Net capital assets	\$ 56.9	\$	56.7

In 2021, the University added \$4.2 million in assets due to the costs associated with various construction projects and acquisitions of equipment and library materials. The University disposed of approximately \$0.9 million in partially depreciated equipment.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

This statement reflects the effect of operating and nonoperating activities on net position. The statement is classified between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses.

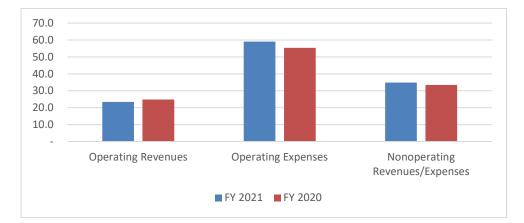
Following is a comparison of revenues, expenses, and other changes in net position for the years ended June 30 (in millions):

	2021	2020
Operating Revenues		
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 15.2	\$ 16.7
Grants and contracts	3.0	2.3
Sales and services	0.7	0.7
Auxiliary enterprises	4.2	4.7
Other	0.3	0.4
	23.4	24.8
Less operating expenses	59.1	55.4
Operating Loss	(35.7)	(30.6)
Nonoperating Revenues		
State appropriations	16.1	16.8
Federal and state grants	15.9	13.1
Onbehalf payments	1.6	1.7
Endowment income	0.3	0.2
Investment income	0.1	0.1
Private donations	0.4	0.9
Capital appropriations	1.1	1.1
	35.5	33.9
Less nonoperating expenses	0.6	0.5
Net Nonoperating Revenue	34.9	33.4
Change in Net Position	(0.8)	2.8
Net Position, Beginning of Year	23.6	20.7
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 22.8	\$ 23.6

Condensed Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Operating revenues includes tuition and fees net of scholarship discounts and allowances, grants and contracts, sales and services, auxiliary enterprises, and other. These revenues decreased by \$1.4 million in 2021. Tuition and fees revenue decreased by \$1.5 million from 2020 to 2021. Grants and contracts increased \$0.7 million in 2021. Auxiliary enterprises and other revenue had a combined decrease of \$0.6 million.

The majority of nonoperating revenues are made up of state appropriations and Pell grant revenues. There was a decrease of \$0.7 million in state appropriations in fiscal year 2021 as compared to fiscal year 2020. The University's operating expenses are classified by natural classification, including employee compensation, scholarships, contractual services, etc. In fiscal year 2021, operating expenses increased \$3.7 million. Compensation increased \$2.3 million primarily due to an increase in pension expense. Supplies and materials increased \$0.8 million due to pandemic related costs. Utilities increased \$0.4 million as a result of a one-time natural gas invoice received during a winter event. Scholarships and fellowships increased due to grants issued to students from the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund while Other operating expenses decreased.



Analysis of Revenues and Expenses

	2	2021	2	2020
Operating Expenses				
Compensation	\$	31.9	\$	29.6
Contractual services		5.5		5.5
Supplies and materials		4.2		3.4
Depreciation		3.9		3.9
Utilities		1.9		1.5
Communications		0.2		0.2
Scholarships and fellowships		9.9		9.5
Other operating expenses		1.6		1.8
Total operating expenses	\$	59.1	\$	55.4

Statement of Cash Flows

This statement is used to determine the University's ability to meet its obligations and to determine if external financing is needed. It is presented using the direct method with four major classifications: operating activities, noncapital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities.

	 2021	2	2020
Cash Provided by (Used in)			
Operating activities	\$ (28.5)	\$	(27.4)
Noncapital financing activities	32.0		30.0
Capital and related financing activities	(4.1)		0.9
Investing activities	 0.1		0.1
Net change in cash	(0.5)		3.6
Cash, Beginning of Year	 18.1		14.5
Cash, End of Year	\$ 17.6	\$	18.1

Following is a comparison of cash flows for the years ended June 30 (in millions):

Foundation

Cameron University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation), is a legally separate, Oklahoma nonprofit corporation organized for the purpose of receiving and administering gifts intended for the University. Because the restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the University's management believes that presenting the Foundation's financial statements as part of the University reporting entity provides users relevant and timely information about resources available to the University. The most recent financial statements of the Foundation are included under the heading "Foundation".

Economic Outlook

The Oklahoma economy rebounded toward the end of fiscal year 2021 resulting in a slight increase in the state appropriation for the University for fiscal year 2022. With the uncertainty of how the coronavirus will continue to affect University operations and future enrollment, management continues to look for cost-saving measures and is monitoring expenditures to ensure resources are used in the most effective and efficient manner. The University remains fully committed to increasing and improving student success and student learning inside and outside the classroom while continuing to be an engaged partner with common education, business, industry, civic, and government organizations.

Cameron University Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

	University	Foundation
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,058,544	\$ 365,783
Accrued interest receivable	6,909	89,470
Accounts receivable, net	1,548,922	3,250
Receivables from OSRHE	988,372	-
Other receivables	437,286	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,204,046	
Contributions receivable		250,000
Total current assets	18,244,079	708,503
Noncurrent Assets		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,546,402	-
Investments	-	32,807,920
Other assets	40,069	208,435
Capital assets, net	56,870,906	238,000
Total noncurrent assets	61,457,377	33,254,355
Total assets	79,701,456	33,962,858
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows for pensions and other post employment benefits	12,010,215	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 91,711,671	\$ 33,962,858

Cameron University Statement of Net Position, continued June 30, 2021

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

	University	Foundation
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 827,026	\$ 46,825
Accrued payroll	1,066,271	-
Unearned revenues	1,058,870	-
Notes payable	-	132,377
Deposits held in custody for others	81,260	-
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	1,771,219	
Total current liabilities	4,804,646	179,202
Noncurrent Liabilities, Net of Current Portion		
Accrued compensated absences	482,360	-
Capital lease payable, net of premium	16,602,306	-
Pension liability - Plan 1	1,767,745	-
Net pension liability	38,551,375	
Total noncurrent liabilities	57,403,786	
Total liabilities	62,208,432	179,202
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows for pensions and other post employment benefits	6,522,194	-
Deferred credit on OCIA lease restructure	190,309	
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,712,503	
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	38,946,527	-
Restricted – expendable		
Educational programs	1,557,248	12,662,322
Capital projects	4,276,833	-
Other	33,432	-
Restricted – nonexpendable		
Scholarships and fellowships	66,000	12,825,040
Unrestricted	(22,089,304)	8,296,294
Total net position	\$ 22,790,736	\$ 33,783,656
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 91,711,671	\$ 33,962,858

Cameron University

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2021

	University	Foundation
Operating Revenues		
Student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowance; \$8,142,189	\$ 15,259,700	\$ -
Federal grants and contracts	1,977,836	-
State grants and contracts	145,504	-
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	867,487	-
Sales and services of educational departments	660,760	-
Auxiliary enterprises	4,168,903	-
Gifts and contributions	-	1,887,756
Other operating revenues	341,696	6,130
Total operating revenues	23,421,886	1,893,886
Operating Expenses		
Compensation and benefits	31,925,609	-
Contractual services	5,471,786	-
Supplies and materials	4,210,583	-
Depreciation	3,937,970	-
Utilities	1,920,636	-
Communications	189,869	-
Scholarships and fellowships	9,859,759	423,190
Other operating expenses	1,560,335	1,440,729
Total operating expenses	59,076,547	1,863,919
Operating Income (Loss)	(35,654,661)	29,967
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
State appropriations	16,144,002	-
Federal and state grants	15,866,485	-
OTRS on-behalf contributions	1,337,326	-
OSRHE endowment income	266,859	-
Investment income	112,440	-
Net appreciation on investments	-	874,233
Interest expense	(595,046)	4,755,592
Other nonoperating expense	(26,618)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	33,105,448	5,629,825
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, or Losses	(2,549,213)	5,659,792

Cameron University

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, continued Year Ended June 30, 2021

	University	Foundation
Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, or Losses		
On-behalf state appropriations restricted for debt service	\$ 274,202	\$ -
Private donations restricted for capital purposes	436,017	-
State appropriations restricted for capital purposes	1,073,712	
Total other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses	1,783,931	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(765,282)	5,659,792
Net Position, Beginning of Year	23,556,018	28,123,864
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 22,790,736	\$ 33,783,656

Cameron University

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Operating Activities		
Tuition and fees	\$	15,740,670
Grants and contracts		2,901,453
Payments to employees		(29,333,146)
Payments to vendors		(13,021,443)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships		(9,859,759)
Sales and services of educational departments		542,749
Auxiliary enterprises		4,210,943
Other operating receipts		341,696
Net cash used in operating activities		(28,476,837)
Noncapital Financing Activities		
State appropriations		16,144,002
Federal and state grants		15,866,485
Direct loans received		10,954,424
Direct loans disbursed		(10,954,424)
Agency transactions		13,525
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		32,024,012
Capital And Related Financing Activities		
Capital appropriations		1,073,712
Private donations restricted for capital purposes		436,017
Payments on bonds and lease payable		(795,881)
Proceeds from capital lease obligations		-
Interest paid on capital debt and leases		(762,741)
Purchases of capital assets	-	(4,089,578)
Net cash used in capital and related financing		
activities		(4,138,471)
Investing Activities		
Interest on investments		117,608
Net cash provided by investing activities		117,608
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(473,688)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		18,078,634
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	17,604,946

Cameron University Statement of Cash Flows, continued Year Ended June 30, 2021

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Used in Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$	(35,720,523)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
used in operating activities		
Depreciation expense		3,937,970
OTRS on-behalf contributions		1,337,326
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable		196,379
Prepaid expenses and other assets		231,054
Deferred outflows for pensions		(9,042,392)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		413,508
Net pension liability		10,889,506
Unearned revenues		(112,933)
Deferred inflows for pensions		(606,732)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(28,476,837)
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Items		
Principal and interest paid by other state agencies	\$	274,202
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position Current assets		
	\$	12 059 544
Current cash and cash equivalents Noncurrent assets	Э	13,058,544
		4 546 400
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		4,546,402
Total reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the		
statement of net position	\$	17,604,946

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Cameron University (the University) is a regional University operating under the jurisdiction of the Board of Regents of the University of Oklahoma (the Board of Regents) and the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education (OSRHE).

The University is one of four institutions of higher education in Oklahoma that comprise the regents of the University of Oklahoma, which in turn is part of the Higher Education Component Unit of the state of Oklahoma.

The Board of Regents has constitutional authority to govern, control, and manage the Regents of the University of Oklahoma, which consists of Cameron University, Rogers State University, University of Oklahoma-Norman Campus, and University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center. This authority includes but is not limited to the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, acquire and take title to real and personal property in its name, and appoint or hire all necessary officers, supervisors, instructors, and employees for member institutions.

Accordingly, the University is considered an organizational unit of the regents of the University of Oklahoma reporting entity for financial reporting purposes due to the significance of its legal, operational and financial relationships with the Board of Regents, as defined in Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

In prior years, the University reported itself as a component unit of the state of Oklahoma. Based on an evaluation performed by management during 2015, it was determined that the University is not a legally separate entity. Therefore, it is not a component unit of the state. The University is an organizational unit with the Board of Regents as mentioned above.

Cameron University Foundation

Cameron University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a legally separate, Oklahoma nonprofit corporation organized for the purpose of receiving and administering gifts intended for the University. Because the restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the University's management believes that presenting the Foundation's financial statements as part of the University reporting entity provides users relevant and timely information about resources available to the University. The Foundation (ASC). As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation prepares separate, standalone financial statements that may be obtained by contacting the Foundation's management. Financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained by calling the Foundation at 580.581.2999.

Financial Statement Presentation

GASB is the recognized standard-setting body for accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) applicable to public sector institutions of higher education. The University applies all applicable GASB pronouncements.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the University considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Funds invested through the State Treasurer's *OK INVEST* cash management investment policy are considered cash equivalents.

Investments

The University accounts for its investments at fair market value based on quoted market prices. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the carrying value of investments are reported as a component of investment income in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty, and staff, the majority of each residing in the state of Oklahoma. Accounts receivable also include amounts due from the federal, state, and local governments or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the University's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts. The University determines its allowance by considering a number of factors, including the length of time accounts receivable are past due, the University's previous loss history, and the condition of the general economy and the industry as a whole. The University writes off specific accounts receivable when they become uncollectible, and payments subsequently received on such receivables are credited to the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Restricted Cash and Investments

Cash and investments that are externally restricted for debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, long-term student loans, or to purchase capital or other noncurrent assets, are classified as noncurrent assets in the accompanying statement of net position.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or valued at the acquisition value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. The University's capitalization policy is all items with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure, and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred.

Costs incurred during construction of long-lived assets are recorded as construction in progress and are not depreciated until placed in service. The University capitalizes interest as a component of capital assets constructed for its own use. There was no capitalized interest in 2021.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 40 years for buildings, 25 years for infrastructure and land improvements, and 7 years for library materials and equipment, or the duration of the lease term for capital leases.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include amounts received for tuition and fees and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period. Unearned revenues also include amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned.

Compensated Absences

Employee vacation pay is accrued at year-end for financial statement purposes. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year-end as accrued expenses in the statement of net position and as a component of compensation and benefit expense in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include 1) principal amounts of revenue bonds payable, notes payable, and capital lease obligations with contractual maturities greater than one year; 2) federal loans liability; 3) amounts for accrued compensated absences; 4) net pension liability; and other liabilities that will not be paid within the next fiscal year. Bond discounts and premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which is not significantly different from the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred regardless of whether they are included in bond proceeds.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (OTRS) and additions to/deductions from OTRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as reported by OTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments held by OTRS are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of OTRS and additions to/deductions from OTRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OTRS. For this purpose, OTRS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Net Position

Net position of the University is classified in four components on its statements of net position.

- The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- Restricted expendable net position includes resources in which the University is legally or contractually obligated to spend said resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or through enabling legislation.
- Nonexpendable restricted net position consist of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

• Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the University, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose. These resources also include auxiliary enterprises, which are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty, and staff.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the University's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources, and then towards unrestricted resources.

Classification of Revenues

The University has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria.

Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as:

- (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances
- (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises
- (3) certain federal, state, and nongovernmental grants and contracts that relate specifically to revenues used for student financial assistance

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as:

- (1) gifts and contributions
- (2) other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No.
 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Government Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting
- (3) other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis For State and Local Governments*, such as state appropriations and investment income

Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants,

and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the University's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The University reports the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its statements of net position. At June 30, 2021, the University's deferred outflows of resources were comprised of deferred outflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The University reports an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its statements of net position. At June 30, 2021, the University's deferred inflows of resources were comprised of credits realized on an OCIA lease restructure, deferred inflows related to pensions, and deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits.

Income Taxes

As a state institution of higher education, the income of the University is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, the University is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in Fiscal Year 2021

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, was issued January 2017 and improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for all state and local governments. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less. This statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The adoption of GASB No. 84 did not impact amounts recorded by the University.

GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans* was issued in June 2020. The statement clarifies rules related to reporting of fiduciary activities under Statements No. 14 and No. 84, mitigates costs for defined contribution plans, and enhances the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting of Code Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan. The early adoption of GASB No. 97 did not impact amounts recorded by the University.

New Accounting Pronouncement Issued Not Yet Adopted

GASB has also issued a new accounting pronouncement which will be effective to the University in subsequent years.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was issued June 2017 and improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for the University's fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022. Earlier application is encouraged.

The University is currently evaluating the impact that this new standard will have on its financial statements.

Risks and Uncertainties

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the United States of America and state of Oklahoma declared an emergency associated with the COVID-19 pandemic. Along with significant declines in financial markets, the public health emergency has created uncertain economic conditions. Specific to the University, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its 2022 operations and financial results, including, but not limited to, declines in enrollment, loss of revenues, additional bad debts, costs for increased use of technology, or potential shortages of personnel. Management believes the University is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. The full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events are still developing.

Note 2: Deposits, Investments, and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The University's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is described as follows:

Oklahoma Statutes require the State Treasurer to ensure that all state funds either be insured by Federal Deposit Insurance, collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank, or invested in U.S. government obligations. The University's deposits with the State Treasurer are pooled with the funds of other state agencies and then, in accordance with statutory limitations, placed in financial institutions or invested as the State Treasurer may determine, in the state's name.

The University requires that balances on deposit with financial institutions, including trustees related to the University's bond indenture and capital lease agreements, be insured by Federal Deposit Insurance, collateralized by securities held by the cognizant Federal Reserve Bank, or invested in U.S. government obligations, in the University's name.

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amounts of the University's deposits were \$17,604,946. This amount consisted of deposits with the State Treasurer (\$16,415,446), deposits with BOK Financial (\$1,059,425), and petty cash and change funds (\$13,075) at June 30, 2021.

Some deposits with the State Treasurer are placed in the State Treasurer's internal investment pool *OK INVEST. OK INVEST* pools the resources of all state funds and agencies and invests them in (a) U.S. treasury securities which are explicitly backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government; (b) U.S. agency securities which carry an implicit guarantee of the full faith and credit of the U.S. government; (c) money market mutual funds which participate in investments, either directly or indirectly, in securities issued by the U.S. Treasury and/or agency and repurchase agreements relating to such securities; (d) investments related to tri-party repurchase agreements which are collateralized at 102% and, whereby, the collateral is held by a third party in the name of the State Treasurer; (e) collateralized certificates of deposits; (f) commercial paper; (g) obligations of state and local governments; and (h) State of Israel bonds.

Of funds on deposit with the State Treasurer, amounts invested in *OK INVEST* total \$6,784,700 at June 30, 2021.

For financial reporting purposes, deposits with the State Treasurer that are invested in *OK INVEST* are classified as cash equivalents.

At June 30, 2021, the distributions of deposits in OK INVEST were as follows:

	 Cost	F	air Value
U.S. agency securities	\$ 2,714,737	\$	2,716,016
Certificates of deposit	45,898		45,898
Money market mutual funds	298,731		298,731
Mortgage-backed agency securities	1,965,648		2,022,983
Municipal bonds	9,517		9,629
Foreign bonds	47,586		47,585
U.S. treasury obligations	 1,702,583		1,717,891
Total	\$ 6,784,700	\$	6,858,733

Agencies and funds that are considered to be part of the state's reporting entity in the state's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report are allowed to participate in *OK INVEST*. Oklahoma statutes and the State Treasurer establish the primary objectives and guidelines governing the investment of funds in *OK INVEST*. Safety, liquidity, and return on investment are the objectives which establish the framework for the day-to-day *OK INVEST* management with an emphasis on safety of the capital and the probable income to be derived and meeting the state and its funds and agencies' daily cash flow requirements. Guidelines in the Investment Policy address credit quality requirements; the specifics regarding these policies can be found on the State Treasurer's website at ok.gov/treasurer/.

The State Treasurer, at his discretion, may further limit or restrict such investments on a day-to-day basis. *OK INVEST* includes a substantial investment in securities with an overnight maturity as well as in U.S. government securities with a maturity of up to 10 years. *OK INVEST* maintains an overall weighted average maturity of no more than four years.

Participants in *OK INVEST* maintain an interest in its underlying investments and, accordingly, may be exposed to certain risks. As stated in the State Treasurer information statement, the main risks are interest rate risk, credit/default risk, liquidity risk, and U.S. government securities risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that during periods of rising interest rates, the yield and market value of the securities will tend to be lower than prevailing market rates; in periods of falling interest rates, the yield will tend to be higher. Credit/default risk is the risk that an issuer or guarantor of a security, or a bank or other financial institution that has entered into a repurchase agreement, may default on its payment obligations.

Liquidity risk is the risk that *OK INVEST* will be unable to pay redemption proceeds within the stated time period because of unusual market conditions, an unusually high volume of redemption requests, or other reasons. U.S. government securities risk is the risk that the U.S. government will not provide financial support to U.S. government agencies, instrumentalities, or sponsored enterprises if it is not obligated to do so by law. Various investment restrictions and limitations are enumerated in the State Treasurer's Investment Policy to mitigate those risks; however, any interest in *OK INVEST* is not insured or guaranteed by the state, the FDIC, or any other government agency.

Investments

At June 30, 2021, the University had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Cost	Fair Value		
OK Invest Internal Investment Pool (classified as cash equivalents in the statement of net position)	\$ 6,784,700	\$ 6,858,733		
Total	\$ 6,784,700	\$ 6,858,733		

Interest Rate Risk

The University does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

All U.S. government obligations are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the University. Title 70, Section 4306, of the Oklahoma statutes directs, authorizes, and empowers the University's Board of Regents to hold, invest, or sell donor-restricted endowments in a manner that is consistent with the terms of the gift as stipulated by the donor and with the provision of any applicable laws.

The Board of Regents has authorized short-term funds to be invested in any security currently available through the Oklahoma State Treasurer's Office. Generally, these include direct obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies, certificates of deposit, and demand deposits. The board has authorized endowment and similar funds to be invested in direct obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, demand deposits, corporate debt (no bond below a Single A rating by Moody's Investors Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation may be purchased), convertible securities, and equity securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The University places no limit on the amount the University may invest in any one issuer. However, the majority of the investments are investments guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Note 3: Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

Student tuition and fees	\$ 1,391,002
Auxiliary enterprises and other operating activities	879,237
Federal and state agencies	216,396
	2,486,635
Allowance for doubtful accounts	 (937,713)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 1,548,922

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was:

	Balance, June 30, 2020	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	Balance, June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 446,180 1,214,128	\$ - 3,319,208	\$ - (1,903,132)	\$ -	\$ 446,180 2,630,204
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,319,208	(1,903,132)		3,076,384
Capital assets being depreciated Nonmajor infrastructure					
networks Building	9,628,320 103,536,487	-	- 1,645,766	-	9,628,320 105,182,253
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Library materials	15,103,908 11,112,636	723,918 57,996	257,366	(908,724)	15,176,468 11,170,632
Total capital assets being depreciated	139,381,351	781,914	1,903,132	(908,724)	141,157,673
Accumulated depreciation Nonmajor infrastructure					
networks Building	(6,221,766) (55,743,559)	(418,986) (2,662,088)	-	-	(6,640,752) (58,405,647)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Library materials	(11,670,632) (10,691,278)	(722,989) (133,907)	-	902,054	(11,491,567) (10,825,185)
Total accumulated depreciation	(84,327,235)	(3,937,970)		902,054	(87,363,151)
Capital assets being depreciated,			1 002 102		
net Capital assets, net	55,054,117 \$ 56,714,426	(3,156,056) \$ 163,152	1,903,132 \$	(6,670) \$ (6,670)	53,794,522 \$ 56,870,906

Note 5: Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

					Amounts
	Balance,			Balance,	Due Within
	June 30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2021	One Year
Bonds and capital lease obligations	\$ 5.757.133	¢	¢	¢ 5757122	¢ 520.005
OCIA capital lease obligations	\$ 5,757,133	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,757,133	\$ 536,665
Premium on OCIA lease	77 000		(12,420)	(2)((0)	
obligations	77,088	-	(13,428)	63,660	-
ODFA master lease revenue	11.050.500		(1.050.000)	10.000 500	(22.25)
bonds	11,878,583	-	(1,070,083)	10,808,500	623,250
Premium on ODFA lease					
obligations	1,239,595		(106,667)	1,132,928	-
Total bonds and capital			<i></i>		
lease obligations	18,952,399		(1,190,178)	17,762,221	1,159,915
Other liabilities					
Net pension liability – OTRS	27,422,638	10,964,381		38,387,019	
Net pension liability – OTKS	27,422,038	10,904,381	-	38,387,019	-
supplemental	2,350,343		(201.018)	2,059,325	127,244
	2,550,545	-	(291,018)	2,039,323	127,244
Accrued compensated	000 700	494.060	(51(240)	0((120	494.000
absences	998,709	484,060	(516,349)	966,420	484,060
Total other liabilities	30,771,690	11,448,441	(807,367)	41,412,764	611,304
rotarother habilities	50,771,090	11,110,111	(007,507)	11,112,704	011,504
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 49,724,089	\$ 11,448,441	\$ (1,997,545)	\$ 59,174,985	\$ 1,771,219

Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority Lease Obligations

The Oklahoma Capital Improvement Authority (OCIA) periodically issues bonds, which are allocated to the State Regents for Higher Education (the State Regents), to be used for specific projects at Oklahoma higher education institutions. The University has participated in these projects as discussed below. In each of the transactions, OCIA and the University have entered into a lease agreement with terms characteristic of a capital lease. As a result, the University recognizes its share of the liability and the related assets in connection with the projects being constructed or acquired, in its financial statements. Annually, the State Legislature appropriates funds to the State Regents to make the monthly lease principal and interest payments on-behalf of the University.

In November 2005, the OCIA issued its OCIA Bond Issues, 2005 Series F. Of the total bond indebtedness, the State Regents for Higher Education allocated \$12,059,247 to the University. These funds earned \$1,203,081 of interest income. Concurrently with the allocation, the University entered into an individual lease agreement with OCIA, representing the six projects being funded by the OCIA bonds.

By June 30, 2012, the University received all available funds (\$13,262,328) for expenditures incurred in connection with the projects. The expenditures are capitalized as investments in capital assets in accordance with University policy. The University recorded a lease obligation payable to OCIA for the total amount of the allotment, less repayments made.

In 2011, the OCIA Series 2005F lease agreement was restructured through a partial refunding of OCIA's 2005F bond debt. OCIA issued two new bonds, Series 2010A and 2010B. The lease agreements with OCIA secure the OCIA bond debt and any future debt that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. OCIA issued this new debt to provide budgetary relief for fiscal years 2011 and 2012 by extending and restructuring debt service. Consequently, the lease agreement with OCIA automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues.

This lease restructuring extended certain principal payments into the future, resulting in a charge or cost on restructuring. The University recorded a deferred outflow of resources of \$1,007,459, which is the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt that was amortized over the remaining life of the old debt. The deferred outflow was completely amortized as of June 30, 2016. This restructuring resulted in an aggregate debt service difference for principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the restructured lease agreement of \$49,791, which also approximates the economic cost of the lease restructuring. Although this restructuring resulted in a cost to the University, it is anticipated that the on-behalf payments provided to cover the original lease agreement will also cover the deferred lease restructuring charge.

During fiscal year 2015, the University's remaining 2005 lease agreement with OCIA was restructured through a partial refunding of the Series 2005F bonds. OCIA issued new bonds, Series 2014A, to accomplish the refunding. The restructured lease agreement with OCIA secures the OCIA bond indebtedness and any future indebtedness that might be issued to refund earlier bond issues. The University's aforementioned lease agreement with OCIA was automatically restructured to secure the new bond issues.

The lease restructuring resulted in a reduction of principal; thus, the University has recorded a deferred inflow of resources of \$343,613 on restructuring, which is the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, that is being amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. As of June 30, 2021, the unamortized credit totaled \$190,309. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the refinanced lease agreement of \$802,126, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the State Regents made lease interest and principal payments totaling \$274,202 on behalf of the University. These on-behalf payments have been recorded as on-behalf state appropriations restricted for debt service in the University's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. As stated above, the on-behalf payments are subject to annual appropriations by the State Legislature.

Years Ending June 30,	Prin	Principal		Principal Interest		nterest	Total	
2022	\$	536,665	\$	274,202	\$	810,867		
2023		563,945		248,345		812,290		
2024		578,459		220,861		799,320		
2025		602,940		196,429		799,369		
2026		632,492		166,799		799,291		
2027–2030	2,	842,632		354,497		3,197,129		
Total	\$ 5,	757,133	\$	1,461,133	\$	7,218,266		

Future minimum lease payments under the University's obligation to the OCIA are as follows:

Oklahoma Development Finance Authority Master Lease

In May 2006, the University entered into a 15-year lease agreement with the Oklahoma Development Finance Authority (the ODFA) and the State Regents as a beneficiary of a portion of the proceeds from the ODFA State Regents for Higher Education Master Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A (Master Lease 2006A). The University received a net amount of \$6,100,235 of the proceeds for implementation of an energy management system. The University makes lease payments to the State Regents, who then forwards the payments to the trustee bank.

During fiscal year 2016, the 2006 lease agreement with ODFA was restructured through a refunding of the Series 2006A bonds. The ODFA issued new bonds, Series 2016A, to accomplish the refunding. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the refinanced lease agreement of \$228,927, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction.

The Master Lease 2016A bonds fully matured, completely satisfying the debt, in May 2021.

In December 2007, the University entered into a 25-year lease agreement with the ODFA and the State Regents as a beneficiary of a portion of the proceeds from the ODFA State Regents for Higher Education Master Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2007B (Master Lease 2007B). The University received a net amount of \$7,099,000 of proceeds for the construction of the McMahon Centennial Complex.

In October 2017, the 2007 lease agreement with ODFA was restructured through a refunding of the Series 2007B bonds. The ODFA issued new bonds, Series 2017C, to accomplish the refunding. The University entered into a 15-year lease agreement with the ODFA and the State Regents as a beneficiary of a portion of the proceeds from the ODFA State Regents for Higher Education Master Real Property Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2017C (Master Lease 2017C). The University received a net amount of \$4,575,000 of proceeds to refund the 2007B Revenue Bonds. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the refinanced lease agreement of \$665,749, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction. The University makes lease payments to the State Regents, who then forwards the payments to the trustee bank.

Years Ending June 30, Principal Total Interest \$ \$ \$ 2022 256,083 156,670 412,753 2023 266,583 145,966 412,549 2024 281,333 132,637 413,970 2025 294,417 119,363 413,780 2026 105,209 412,959 307,750 2027-2031 1,765,750 296,779 2,062,529 2032 562,084 583,947 21,863 3,734,000 Total 978,487 4,712,487 \$ \$ \$

The scheduled maturities of the Master Lease 2017C bonds are as follows:

In June 2016, the University entered into an 18-year lease agreement with the ODFA and the State Regents as a beneficiary of a portion of the proceeds from the ODFA State Regents for Higher Education Master Real Property Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2016B (Master Lease 2016B). The University received a net amount of \$5,760,000 of proceeds to refund the 2004 Housing Revenue Bonds. This refinancing resulted in an aggregate difference in principal and interest between the original lease agreement and the refinanced lease agreement of \$3,099,633, which approximates the economic savings of the transaction. The University makes lease payments to the State Regents, who then forwards the payments to the trustee bank.

Years Ending June 30,	Р	Principal		Principal Interest		nterest	Total	
2022	\$	275,667	\$	164,783	\$	440,450		
2023		283,917		156,277		440,194		
2024		295,000		144,920		439,920		
2025		307,083		133,120		440,203		
2026		320,000		120,837		440,837		
2027-2031		1,800,000		401,919		2,201,919		
2032–2034		1,212,416		72,395		1,284,811		
Total	\$	4,494,083	\$	1,194,251	\$	5,688,334		

The scheduled maturities of the Master Lease 2016B bonds are as follows:

In June 2020, the University entered into a 20-year lease agreement with the ODFA and the State Regents as a beneficiary of a portion of the proceeds from the ODFA State Regents for Higher Education Master Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2020A (Master Lease 2020A). The University received a net amount of \$2,674,000 of proceeds to construct and replace certain elevators on campus. The University makes lease payments to the State Regents, who then forwards the payments to the trustee bank.

The scheduled maturities of the Master Lease 2020A bonds are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Prin	Principal		nterest	Total	
2022	\$	91,500	\$	103.217	\$	194,717
	φ	,	Ф		Φ	,
2023		97,417		99,557		196,974
2024		102,083		95,660		197,743
2025		103,583		91,577		195,160
2026		110,417		87,433		197,850
2027-2031		622,083		367,133		989,216
2032–2036		752,500		232,500		985,000
2037–2040		700,834		70,417		771,251
Total	\$ 2	,580,417	\$	1,147,494	\$	3,727,911

Cumulative maturities for ODFA bonds excluding premiums can be seen below.

Years Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	623,250	\$	424,670	\$	1,047,920
2023	\$	647,917	\$	401,800		1,049,717
2024	\$	678,416	\$	373,217		1,051,633
2025	\$	705,083	\$	344,060		1,049,143
2026	\$	738,167	\$	313,479		1,051,646
2027 and thereafter	\$	7,415,667	\$	1,463,006		8,878,673
Total	\$	10,808,500	\$	3,320,232	\$	14,128,732

Note 6: Pension Plans

_

The University's academic and nonacademic personnel are covered by various retirement plans depending on job classification. The plans available to University personnel include:

Name of Plan/System	Type of Plan				
Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System	Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan				
Cameron University Defined Contribution Plan	Defined Contribution Plan				
Supplemental Retirement Annuity (Plan 1)	Defined Benefit Plan				
Cameron University President's Retirement Plan (Plan 2)	Defined Benefit Plan				

Summary of Net Pension Obligation

	 Net PensionDeferredObligationOutflows			Deferred Inflows		Pension Expense	
2021							
Supplemental retirement							
plan - Plan 1	\$ 1,767,745	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,259
Supplemental retirement							
plan - Plan 2	291,580		-		-		(16,398)
OTRS net pension obligation	 38,387,019	11	,806,170	6,	250,731		4,601,732
Total	\$ 40,446,344	\$ 11	,806,170	\$6,	250,731	\$	4,596,593

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

The University participates in OTRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system that is self-administered. OTRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the legislature of the state of Oklahoma. Title 70 of the Oklahoma State Statutes assigns the authority for management and operation of OTRS to the Board of Regents of the System. OTRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that can be obtained at ok.gov/TRS/.

Benefits Provided

OTRS provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon the death of eligible members. Title 70 O. S. Sec. 17-105 defines all retirement benefits. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the State Legislature.

Benefit provisions include:

Members become 100% vested in retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited Oklahoma service. Members who joined OTRS on June 30, 1992 or prior are eligible to retire at maximum benefits when age and years of creditable service total 80. Members joining OTRS after June 30, 1992, are eligible for maximum benefits when their age and years of creditable service total 90. Members whose age and service do not equal the eligible limit may receive reduced benefits as early as age 55, and at age 62 receive unreduced benefits based on their years of service. The maximum retirement benefit is equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

Final compensation for members who joined OTRS prior to July 1, 1992, is defined as the average salary for the three highest years of compensation. Final compensation for members joining OTRS after June 30, 1992, is defined as the average of the highest five consecutive years of annual compensation in which contributions have been made. The final average compensation is limited for service credit accumulated prior to July 1, 1995, to \$40,000 or \$25,000, depending on the member's election. Monthly benefits are 1/12 of this amount. Service credits accumulated after June 30, 1995, are calculated based on each member's final average compensation, except for certain employees of the two comprehensive universities. Upon the death of a member who has not yet retired, the designated beneficiary shall receive the member's total contributions plus 100% of interest earned through the end of the fiscal year, with interest rates varying based on time of service. A surviving spouse of a qualified member may elect to receive, in lieu of the aforementioned benefits, the retirement benefit the member was entitled to at the time of death as provided under the Joint Survivor Benefit Option.

Upon the death of a retired member, OTRS will pay \$5,000 to the designated beneficiary, in addition to the benefits provided for the retirement option selected by the member.

A member is eligible for disability benefits after 10 years of credited Oklahoma service. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of final average compensation for the applicable years of credited service.

Upon separation from OTRS, members' contributions are refundable with interest based on certain restrictions provided in the plan, or by the IRC.

Members may elect to make additional contributions to a tax-sheltered annuity program up to the exclusion allowance provided under the IRC under Code Section 403(b).

Contributions

The contribution requirements of OTRS are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 7% of their annual compensation. The University pays the employee contributions as a pre-tax benefit to the employees. The University's contribution rate is 8.55% for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. The University's contributions to OTRS in 2021, including both the employer share and the employee share, was approximately \$3.4 million, equal to the required contributions. In addition, the state of Oklahoma also contributed 5% of state revenues from sales, use, and individual income taxes to OTRS. The amounts contributed on-behalf of the University and recognized in the University's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as both revenues and compensation and employee benefit expense in 2021 was \$1,337,326. These on-behalf payments do not meet the definition of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the University reported a liability of \$38,387,019 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The University's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the University's contributions to OTRS relative to total contributions to OTRS by all participating employers for the year ended June 30, 2020. Based upon this information, the University's proportion was 0.404489%. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the University recognized a pension expense of \$4,601,732. At June 30, 2021, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,868,754	\$	650,156	
Changes of assumptions		4,707,685		554,598	
Net difference between projected and actual investments		3,308,975		-	
Changes in University's proportionate share		-		5,045,977	
Differences between University contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		1,041		-	
University contributions made subsequent to the measurement dat	e				
to the measurement date		1,919,715		-	
Total	\$	11,806,170	\$	6,250,731	

Deferred pension outflows totaling \$1,919,715 resulting from the University's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Deferred (Inflows)/Outflows of Resources
2022	\$ (621,804)
2023	468,830
2024	1,668,129
2025	1,807,346
2026	313,223
Total	\$ 3,635,724

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Inflation 2.25%
- Salary Increases Composed of 2.25% wage inflation, plus 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service
- Investment Rate of Return 7.00%
- Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender. Adopted by the board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males and females: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020
- Mortality Rates for Active Members Pub-2010 Teachers Active Employee Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2010

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
A3501 01035	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	43.5%	7.5%
International equity	19.0%	8.5%
Fixed income	22.0%	2.5%
Real estate**	9.0%	4.5%
Alternative assets	6.5%	6.1%
Total	100.0%	

**The Real Estate total expected return is a combination of U.S. Direct Real Estate (unleveraged)

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability of the University calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the University's net pension liability would be if OTRS calculated the total pension liability using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

		Current		
		Discount		
	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.00%)	
Net pension liability	\$ 51,233,634	\$ 38,387,019	\$ 27,752,023	

Cameron University Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description

The plan is a Section 401(a) defined contribution plan that became effective January 1, 2015, for certain FLSA nonexempt employees. The purpose of the plan is to provide retirement benefits for the participants and to distribute the funds accumulated to the participants or the eligible beneficiaries. All nonexempt employees hired after the effective date are allowed a one-time election between participation in OTRS or the defined contribution plan.

Funding Policy

The required contribution rate is 9.0% of pensionable compensation. The University contributes the required amounts for participating members. The University's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021, were approximately \$181,000.

Supplemental Retirement Annuity Plan – Plan 1

Plan Description

The University maintains a supplemental retirement plan (Plan 1) for certain retired employees. The plan is in substance a single-employer, defined benefit plan administered by the University. Plan 1 has four participants, all of whom are retired and currently receiving benefits. Plan 1 guarantees the participants a level of retirement benefits when considering social security, OTRS, and other retirement assets. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the Board of Regents. The plan does not issue a separate financial report, nor is it included in the financial report of another entity.

Funding Policy

The University has been funding the benefits of Plan 1 on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Benefits are not distributed to the participants until their retirement. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the University contributed and paid benefits of \$127,225 under Plan 1. The University does not have assets in trust for this plan.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Discount Rate 2.16% per year
- Mortality Pub-2010 General Amount-Weighted Mortality Table with improvement Scale MP-2020
- Rate of Inflation 2.00%
- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability

Components of the University's total pension liability for Plan 1 for the year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	 Total Pension Liability			
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 1,883,711			
Changes for the year				
Interest on the total pension liability	40,224			
Difference between expected and actual experience	(5,180)			
Change in assumption	(23,785)			
Benefit payments	 (127,225)			
Net changes	 (115,966)			
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 1,767,745			

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate for unfunded plans is to be based on a 20-year municipal bond rate as of the valuation date. As of July 1, 2020, the rate was 2.21% and as of July 1, 2021, the rate had dropped to 2.16%.

The mortality table was changed from the Pub-2010 General Amount-Weighted Mortality Table with improvement Scale MP-2019 to the Pub-2010 General Amount-Weighted Mortality Table with improvement Scale MP-2020. The Pub-2010 is the most recent table released by the Society of Actuaries.

Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the University recognized pension expense of \$11,259.

Sensitivity of Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the pension liability of the University calculated using the discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the University's pension liability would be if calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		Discount				
	1% Decrease (1.16%)	Rate (2.16%)	1% Increase (3.16%)			
Total pension liability	\$ 1,920,707	\$ 1,767,745	\$ 1,633,422			

Cameron University President's Retirement Plan – Plan 2

Plan Description

The University maintains a supplemental retirement plan (Plan 2) for a retired University President. The plan is in substance a single-employer, defined benefit plan administered by the University. Plan 2 has one participant, who is retired and currently receiving benefits. Plan 2 guarantees the participant a level of retirement benefits when considering social security, OTRS, and other retirement assets. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the Board of Regents. The plan does not issue a separate financial report, nor is it included in the financial report of another entity. These assets are accumulated in a trust.

Benefits Provided

Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan that may provide a University benefit for the life of the participant. The retirement benefit that is to be provided to the participant will be a guaranteed amount equal to the participant's average compensation, as defined in the plan document, when considering the OTRS benefit and other benefits.

Contributions

Contributions required to fund the cost of the pension and other benefits provided by Plan 2 shall be made solely by the University. The University shall contribute to Plan 2 in such amounts and at such times as the University shall determine, acting under the advice of the actuary for Plan 2. Actual payments of contributions may be made at any time permitted by law or regulation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the University reported a liability of \$291,580 related to Plan 2. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the University recognized a negative pension expense of \$16,398. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Deferred (Inflows)/Outflows of Resources
2022	\$ 5,657
2023	8,744
2024	(63,764)
2025	(44,703)
2026	(39,201)
Thereafter	(85,878)
Total	\$ (219,145)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed
- Remaining amortization period 1 Year
- Asset Method Market Value of Assets
- Inflation 2.50%
- Salary Increases Not applicable
- Discount Rate and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return 6.00%
- Mortality RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected with scale AA to the applicable valuation date
- Retirement Age Not Applicable

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These expected future real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, are 8% with 25.5% of assets being invested in equities, 1.8% with 40.2% of assets being invested in bonds, 1.5% with 10.7% of assets being invested in short-term debt, and 9.8% with 23.6% of assets being invested in international equities.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability of the University calculated using the discount rate of 6.0%, as well as what the University's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.0%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.0%) than the current rate:

				Current		
			C	liscount		
	1%[Decrease		Rate	1%	Increase
	(5.00%)		(6.00%)		(7.00%)	
Net pension liability	\$	463,318	\$	291,580	\$	142,793

Note 7: Other Postemployment Insurance Benefits

Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Description

The University's defined benefit OPEB plan, OTRS, provides OPEB for all Oklahoma teachers and other certified employees of common schools, faculty and administrators in public colleges and universities, and administrative personnel of state educational boards and employees of agencies. OTRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system that is self-administered. OTRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that can be obtained at ok.gov/TRS/.

Benefits Provided

OTRS pays a medical insurance supplement to eligible members who elect to continue their employer-provided health insurance upon retirement. The supplement payment is between \$100 and \$105 per month provided the member has 10 years of Oklahoma service prior to retirement. At June 30, 2021, there were 129 retirees covered by the benefit terms.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of OTRS are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statue and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 7.00% of their annual compensation. The University pays the employee contributions as a pre-tax benefit to the employees. The University's contribution rate is 8.55% for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. From these combined amounts, OTRS allocates a portion of the contributions to the supplemental health insurance program; however, statutes do not specify or identify any particular contribution source to pay the health insurance subsidy. The cost of the supplemental health insurance program averages 0.15% of normal cost, as determined by an actuarial valuation. Contributions measured as of June 30, 2020, allocated to the OPEB plan from the University were \$3,616.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability (asset) in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age
- Inflation 2.25%
- Future Ad Hoc Cost-of-living Increases None
- Salary Increases Composed of 2.25% wage inflation, plus 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for members with less than 25 years of service

- Investment Rate of Return 7.00%
- Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates based on age, service, and gender. Adopted by the Board in July 2020 in conjunction with the five-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2019
- Mortality Rates after Retirement Males and females: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020
- Mortality Rates for Active Members –Pub-2010 Teachers Active Employee Mortality table. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2010

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic expected real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	43.5%	7.5%
International equity	19.0%	8.5%
Fixed income	22.0%	2.5%
Real estate**	9.0%	4.5%
Alternative assets	6.5%	6.1%
Total	100.0%	

**The Real Estate total expected return is a combination of US Direct Real Estate (unleveraged) and U.S. Value added Real Estate (unleveraged).

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2020. This single discount rate was based solely on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.00%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability (asset). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels and remain a level percentage of payrolls. The projection of cash flows also assumed that the State's contribution plus the matching contributions will remain a constant percent of projected member payroll based on the past five years of actual contributions.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OTRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OTRS.

OPEB Liabilities (Assets), **OPEB** Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the University reported an asset of \$40,069 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The University's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the University's contributions received by the OPEB plan relative to the total contributions received by the OPEB plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2020. Based upon this information, the University's proportion was .40446% percent. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the University recognized OPEB expense of \$31,671.

At June 30, 2021, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	88,026	
Changes of assumptions		86,695		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB					
plan investments		87,514		-	
Differences between University contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		12,565		-	
University contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,616			
Total	\$	190,390	\$	88,026	

Deferred pension outflows totaling \$3,616 resulting from the University's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	(Inflow	eferred vs)/Outflows esources
2022	\$	(4,057)
2023	Ψ	20,676
2024		34,578
2025		32,488
2026		12,334
Thereafter		2,729
Total	\$	98,748

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the University, as well as what the University's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current discount rate:

				Current Discount			
		1% Decrease (6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	145,454	\$	(40,069)	\$	(197,389)	

University Provided Life Insurance

The University provides for the payment of premiums for a \$4,000 life insurance policy to all eligible individuals retiring from employment. To be eligible, the individuals need only have completed the requirements to retire from the University provided in the employee handbook. The University funds the payments out of current operations and does not prefund the expenses. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the amount of expense to the University was approximately \$6,000.

Additionally, the University offers life insurance for all current employees in an amount equal to twice the employee's current salary. The University has ceded all claims exceeding \$75,000 to an insurance company via the purchase of a group life insurance policy. As the employees have no vested benefit in this program and the program can be discontinued at the discretion of the University, the University has not recorded a liability in connection with any future benefit payments.

At June 30, 2021, the University had approximately \$2,145,000 of rate stabilization reserves with the administrator of the programs discussed above. The rate stabilization reserves are available upon request of the University and are reflected as prepaid expenses and other assets in the accompanying statement of net position.

Note 8: Funds Held in Trust by Others

Beneficial Interest in State School Land Funds

The University has a beneficial interest in the "Section Thirteen Fund State Educational Institutions" and the "New College Fund" administered by the Commissioners of the Land Office as trustees for the various educational institutions entitled thereto. The University has the right to receive annually 3.7% of the distributions of income produced by the "Section Thirteen Fund State Educational Institutions" assets and 100% of the distributions of income produced by the University's "New College Fund." The University received approximately \$989,000 during the year ended June 30, 2021, which is restricted to the construction or acquisition of buildings, equipment, or other capital items. These amounts are recorded as state appropriations restricted for capital purposes in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. State law prohibits the distribution of any corpus of these funds to the beneficiaries.

The total trust reserve for the University, held in trust by the Commissioners of the Land Office, was approximately \$31,000,000 at June 30, 2021.

Oklahoma State Regents Endowment Trust Fund

In connection with the Oklahoma State Regents' Endowment Program (the Endowment Program), the state of Oklahoma has matched contributions received under the Endowment Program. The state match amounts, plus retained accumulated earnings, totaled approximately \$8,262,000 at June 30, 2021, and are invested by the State Regents for Higher Education on behalf of the University. The University is entitled to receive an annual distribution of earnings of 4.5% of the market value at year-end on these funds. Legal title of these endowment funds is retained by the State Regents for Higher Education; only the funds available for distribution, or approximately \$447,000 at June 30, 2021, have been reflected as assets in the accompanying statement of net position.

Note 9: Related-Party Transactions

Cameron University Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a tax-exempt organization whose objective is the betterment of the University and its related activities. The University is the ultimate beneficiary of the Foundation. The University has an agreement with the Foundation whereby the University will also provide certain administrative services for the benefit of the Foundation.

The following transactions occurred between the University and the Foundation during the year ended June 30, 2021:

Scholarship funds awarded to the University	\$ 423,190
Payment of services by the Foundation for the benefit of the University	\$ 896,435
Administrative services provided by the University for the benefit of the Foundation	\$ 373,189

The Foundation provides scholarship awards to University students and also supports the University through payment of certain supplies, materials, and services.

Note 10: Commitments and Contingencies

The University is party to litigation and claims arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, liabilities, if any, resulting from such litigation and claims will not be material to the University.

The University conducts certain programs pursuant to various grants and contracts, which are subject to audit by various federal and state agencies. Costs questioned as a result of audits, if any, may result in refunds to these governmental agencies from various sources of the University.

Note 11: Risk Management

The University is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruptions; errors and omission; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, life, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than torts, property, and workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The University, along with other state agencies and political subdivisions, participates in the state of Oklahoma Risk Management Program public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The University pays annual premiums to the pool for its worker's compensation, tort, property, and liability insurance coverage. The Oklahoma Risk Management pool's governing agreement specifies that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial carriers for claims in excess of specified stop-loss amounts.

Note 12: Cameron University Foundation, Inc.

Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

The Foundation is a nonprofit organization whose mission and principal activities are to promote the educational and cultural interest of the University, a public institution of higher education. The Foundation's revenues and other support are derived principally from contributions and its activities are conducted in the southwestern Oklahoma area.

Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, substantially all of the Foundation's resources and related income are restricted by donors for the benefit of the University. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements.

Cash Equivalents

The Foundation considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market and cash in banks.

Contributions

The Foundation reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted contributions when they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When the intent of the donor is that the assets are to remain in perpetuity and the Foundation does not have the right to invade the original principal, the assets are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. When the donor restrictions expire, such as when the Foundation expends the funds in accordance with the donor's wishes, restricted net assets are released to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give are recognized as revenues or gains in the period received and as assets, decreases of liabilities, or expenses, depending on the form of the benefits received. Conditional promises to give are recognized only when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met and the promises become unconditional.

Credit Risk

The Foundation maintains cash balances at a financial institution located in Oklahoma. From time to time, the account balance may exceed the limits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Management does not consider this to be an unreasonable risk of loss.

Real Property

Real property consists primarily of land and farm property donated to the Foundation. Management has made attempts to revalue portions of the real property assets at subsequent dates. The Foundation's management is of the opinion that revaluation of all the real property would not have a significant impact on the Foundation's statements of financial position or changes in net assets.

Assets Held for Sale

The Foundation received contributed properties during the year ended June 30, 2018, that totaled \$522,952. The Foundation recorded these in-kind contributions as assets held for sale. The Foundation sold one of the properties during the year ended June 30, 2020, and intends to sell the other properties as soon as possible.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are stated at fair value. Fair values are generally determined based upon quoted market prices. Realized gains and losses on sales of marketable securities are computed on the first-in, first-out basis.

The Foundation utilizes various investment instruments. Marketable securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of marketable securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of financial position. Significant fluctuations in fair values could occur from year to year and the amounts the Foundation will ultimately realize could differ materially.

Income Taxes

The Foundation is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC and a similar provision of state law and is classified as a public charity under section 509(A)(3). However, the Foundation is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Foundation maintains several bank accounts. The table below is designed to disclose the level of custody credit risk assumed by the Foundation based upon how its deposits were insured at June 30, 2021. FDIC regulations state time and savings accounts are insured up to a \$250,000 maximum.

Category 1 – Insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the Foundation or by its agent in its name.

Category 2 – Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Foundation's name.

Category 3 – Uninsured and uncollateralized.

Types of Deposits	 tal Bank Salance	custody tegory 1)	 t Risk gory 2)	 insured tegory 3)
2021 Demand deposits BancFirst	\$ 344,049	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$ 94,049
Money market funds BancFirst	 73,802	 	 	 73,802
Totals	\$ 417,851	\$ 250,000	\$ 	\$ 167,851

Investments

Investments are held for the production of income and consist of the following at June 30, 2021:

		Fair
Investments	Cost	Value
Equities	\$ 14,027,874	\$ 19,326,949
Fixed income	10,535,547	11,066,201
Exchange traded funds	403,314	394,080
Cash and cash equivalents	327,910	327,910
Real estate investment trust	290,389	286,877
Certificate of deposit	100,000	100,000
	\$ 25,685,034	\$ 31,502,017

Total investment return is comprised of the following for the year ended June 30:

	 2021
Interest and dividend income, net of investment expenses	\$ 874,233
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	3,084,203
Realized gain (loss) on investments	 1,671,389
	\$ 5,629,825

Contributions Receivable

Unconditional promises to give, including amounts due under pledge agreements with donors, at June 30, 2021 is comprised of one donor restricted contribution subject to expenditures for the Duncan campus due in less than one year.

No discount to net present value or provision to establish an allowance for doubtful accounts have been made by the Foundation as management believes the contribution receivable will be fully collectible within one year.

Cameron Investment Program

Investments are held for the production of income and consist of the following at June 30:

	2021		
Fixed income Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest	\$	1,209,109 79,581 17,213	
Total Cameron Investment Program	\$	1,305,903	

All investments serve as collateral for the note payable as described below.

Fair Value Measurements

The Foundation uses quoted market prices to determine the fair value of an asset or liability when available. If quoted market prices are not available, the Foundation determines fair value using valuation techniques that use market-based or independently sourced market data, such as interest rates.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The carrying amount approximates the fair value due to the short maturity of such amounts.

Investments – Investments in cash and cash equivalents, publicly traded securities, and mutual funds are stated at market value based on quoted market prices. Investments, common trust funds, certificates of deposit, government agency bonds and mortgage-backed securities are stated at market price as determined by the fund manager or quoted market prices in nonactive markets. Other investments are stated at fair value based upon current market conditions and other factors deemed relevant to the valuation as provided by the independent valuation specialist and or Foundation management.

Cameron Investment Program – Investments in cash, accrued interest, and corporate bonds are stated at market value based on quoted market prices.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than the Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market date for substantially the full term of the asset or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair market value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30:

	_		As of Jun	e 30, 20	21	
		Level 1	Level 2	L	evel 3	Total
Equities	\$	18,882,104	\$ 444,845	\$	-	\$ 19,326,949
Fixed income		-	12,275,310			12,275,310
Exchange traded funds		394,080	-			394,080
Cash and cash equivalents		407,491	17,213			424,704
Real estate investment trust		286,877	-			286,877
Certificate of deposit			 100,000			 100,000
	\$	19,970,552	\$ 12,837,368	\$	_	\$ 32,807,920

The following is a description of methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, investments are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 investments include equity securities, mutual funds, and money market funds. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. Level 2 investments include equity securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows, corporate and other bonds, U.S. government securities, marketable alternative assets, inflation hedging, and opportunistic and other investments. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, investments are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy and include corporate and other bonds and marketable and nonmarketable alternative assets.

Real Property

Real property consists of land and farm property donated to the Foundation and is held for the production of income. Real property with a carrying amount of \$235,000 at June 30, 2021 and 2020, is part of restricted – expendable net position. Real property with a carrying value of \$3,000 at June 30, 2021 and 2020, is part of unrestricted net position.

Notes Payable

On June 26, 2001, the Foundation entered into a nonrecourse agreement with a bank whereby the bank loaned the Foundation \$1,000,000 for the purpose of allowing the University's graduate investment class to manage an active bond portfolio (see Cameron Investment Portfolio note). This nonrecourse note had an original maturity date of June 30, 2002 but has been renewed annually with a current maturity date of November 30, 2021. Interest accrues on this note at the 90-day U.S. Treasury bill rate on November 30, 2020, plus 1.0% (1.08% on June 30, 2021). The nonrecourse note is secured by a first and prior security interest in Cameron's Investment Program fund. Income earned by the portfolio above the borrowing rate shall be donated to the Foundation for the purpose of sponsoring upper-level business majors in the pursuit of graduate degrees at the University. The balance on June 30, 2021, was \$132,377, due within one year.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Foundation paid \$1,213, respectively, for interest associated with this note payable.

Net Position

Unrestricted net position consisted of the following at June 30:

 2021
\$ 254,050
33,000
120,000
 7,889,244
\$ 8,296,294

Net position with donor restrictions subject to expenditures consisted of the following at June 30:

	 2021		
Endowed chairs and lectureships	\$ 6,629,455		
Scholarships	3,258,891		
Athletics support	277,968		
General university support	 2,496,008		
	\$ 12,662,322		

Net position is not subject to appropriation or expenditures consisted of the following at June 30:

	 2021
Endowed chairs and lectureships	\$ 6,301,389
Scholarships	5,878,343
Athletics support	190,941
General university support	 454,367
	\$ 12.825.040

Endowments

The Foundation endowments consist of approximately 232 individual funds established for a variety of purposes. As required by U.S. GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the board of directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based upon the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Interpretation of Relevant Law: In accordance with the requirements of FAS 117-1, and the *Oklahoma Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act* (OUPMIFA), the Foundation will report the market value of an endowment as perpetual in nature. As a result, the Foundation classifies as permanently restricted 1) the original value of gifts donated to the endowment, 2) the original value of subsequent gifts donated to the endowment, 3) all realized and unrealized gains and losses of the endowment, and 4) less any income distribution in accordance with the spending policy that will be classified as temporarily restricted. In accordance with OUPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. The purpose of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Foundation
- 7. The investment policies of the Foundation

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters: The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by the endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Under this policy, as approved by the board of directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results which generate a dependable, increasing source of income and appreciation while assuming a moderate level of investment risk. The goal of the Foundation is to provide a consistent rate of return of 4% over the rate of inflation as measured by the national Consumer Price Index (CPI), on a fee-adjusted basis over a typical market cycle of no less than three years and no more than five years. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives: To satisfy its long-term rate of return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives while reducing risk to acceptable levels.

Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy: The Foundation has a policy of appropriating for distribution at the end of each year earnings in the form of dividends and interest that were earned during that year. In establishing this policy, the Foundation considered the long-term expected return on its endowment. Accordingly, over the long term, the Foundation expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at an average of 3% annually. This is consistent with the Foundation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2021:

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds Board-designated endowment funds	\$ - 407,050	\$ 25,487,362	\$ 25,487,362 407,050
	\$ 407,050	\$ 25,487,362	\$ 25,894,412

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	V	Vithout			
		Donor	v	Vith Donor	
	Restrictions		R	estrictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of the year	\$	745,750	\$	21,762,676	\$ 22,508,426
Investment return		-		3,522,243	3,522,243
Contributions		-		1,392,638	1,392,638
Program receipts		-		1,330	1,330
Appropriations for expenditure		-		(1,191,525)	(1,191,525)
Transfers		(338,700)		-	 (338,700)
Total endowment funds	\$	407,050	\$	25,487,362	\$ 25,894,412

Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets

The Foundation manages its liquid resources by focusing on fundraising efforts to ensure that it has adequate contributions to cover the programs that are being conducted. The table below reflects the Foundation's financial assets, as of June 30, 2021, expected to be available within one year to meet the cash needs for general expenditures.

		2021
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	365,783
Investments held for endowments		31,502,017
Accured interest receivable		89,470
Contributions receivable, net		250,000
		32,207,270
Less those unavailable for general expenditure within one year, du	le to	
Donor-imposed restrictions subject to expenditures		
Donor restriction for endowed chairs and lectureships		6,629,455
Donor restriction for scholarships		3,258,891
Donor restriction for athletics support		277,968
Donor restriction for general university support		2,496,008
Donor-imposed restrictions not subject to appropriation or		
expenditures		
Donor restriction for endowed chairs and lectureships		6,301,389
Donor restriction for scholarships		5,878,343
Donor restriction for athletics support		190,941
Donor restriction for general university support		454,367
Board designations		
Foundation operations		254,050
General university support		33,000
Scholarships		120,000
		25,894,412
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general	¢	(212 959
expenditures within one year	\$	6,312,858

Related Parties

Substantially all expenses are for the benefit of the students, faculty, or activities of the University. Transactions between the Foundation and the University are covered under a written agreement between the Foundation and the University. Under this agreement, the University agrees to provide certain administrative services to the Foundation in exchange for scholarships, endowments, grants, and payment of services for the benefit of the University. The Foundation has recorded in-kind contributions received from the University in the accompanying financial statements in the amount of \$373,189 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Required Supplementary Information

Cameron University

Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Unaudited) Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2021*	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	 2015
University's proportion of the net pension liability		0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%	0.6%
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	38,387,019	\$ 27,422,638	\$ 28,891,382	\$ 33,844,429	\$ 45,773,344	\$ 36,072,547	\$ 32,936,521
University's covered payroll	\$	20,368,440	\$ 20,159,119	\$ 20,034,900	\$ 21,628,553	\$ 24,095,854	\$ 25,550,629	\$ 25,739,234
University's proportionate share of the net pension liabili as a percentage of its covered payroll	ity	188.5%	136.0%	144.2%	156.5%	190.0%	141.2%	128.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		63.5%	71.6%	72.7%	69.3%	62.2%	70.3%	72.4%

*The amounts presented are based on application of a look-back period for participation in OTRS.

Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Cameron University Schedule of the University's Contributions (Unaudited) Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,919,715 \$ (1,919,715)	5 1,923,331 \$ (1,923,331)	1,967,986 \$ (1,967,986)	5 1,981,725 \$ (1,981,725)	2,111,814 \$ (2,111,814)	2,331,395 \$ (2,331,395)	2,472,233 \$ (2,472,233)	2,492,447 \$ (2,492,447)	2,487,250 \$ (2,487,250)	2,313,695 (2,313,695)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ - </u> \$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
University's covered payroll	\$ 22,036,661 \$	5 20,368,440 \$	20,159,119 \$	5 20,034,900 \$	21,628,553 \$	24,095,854 \$	25,550,629 \$	25,739,234 \$	25,628,455 \$	24,203,445
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.71%	9.44%	9.76%	9.89%	9.76%	9.68%	9.68%	9.73%	9.71%	9.56%

Cameron University

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited)

President's Retirement Plan – Plan 2

Last 10 Fiscal Years

(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	2021		2020		2019		2018	2017	2016		2015	
Total Pension Liability												
Interest	\$	109,593	\$	100,817	\$	104,950	\$ 103,624	\$ 94,639	\$	101,019	\$	99,303
Differences between expected and actual experience		29,121		30,504		24,285	40,303	171,961		(99,500)		34,301
Changes of assumptions		(15,933)		149,436		(68,630)	2,650	2,571		2,760		-
Benefit payments		(136,986)		(131,986)		(126,987)	(121,986)	(116,841)		(104,388)		(105,617)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(14,205)		148,771		(66,382)	 24,591	 152,330		(100,109)		27,987
Total Pension Liability – Beginning		1,895,051		1,746,280		1,812,662	 1,788,071	 1,635,741		1,735,850		1,707,863
Total Pension Liability – Ending (a)	\$	1,880,846	\$	1,895,051	\$	1,746,280	\$ 1,812,662	\$ 1,788,071	\$	1,635,741	\$	1,735,850
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Net investment income		303,833		70,202		77,956	117,251	181,625		(44,501)		94,843
Benefit payments		(136,986)		(131,986)		(126,987)	(121,986)	(116,841)		(104,388)		(105,617)
Administrative expense		(6,000)		(6,440)		(6,050)	 (5,500)	 -		-		-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		160,847		(68,224)		(55,081)	(10,235)	64,784		(148,889)		(10,774)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning		1,428,419		1,496,643		1,551,724	 1,561,959	 1,497,175		1,646,064		1,656,838
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending (b)	\$	1,589,266	\$	1,428,419	\$	1,496,643	\$ 1,551,724	\$ 1,561,959	\$	1,497,175	\$	1,646,064
Net Pension Liability – Ending (a)-(b)	\$	291,580	\$	466,632	\$	249,637	\$ 260,938	\$ 226,112	\$	138,566	\$	89,786
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered payroll	\$	84.5% -	\$	75.4%	\$	85.7% -	\$ 85.6% -	\$ 87.4% -	\$	91.5% -	\$	94.8% -
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A

Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Cameron University Schedule of Employer Contributions (Unaudited) President's Retirement Plan – Plan 2 Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 501,456	\$ 284,246	\$ 276,594	\$ 239,679	\$ 177,063	\$ 109,470	\$ 75,524	\$ 193,534	\$ 495,559	\$ 359,557
contribution	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	-	 (25,000)	 (409,542)	 (460,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 501,456	\$ 284,246	\$ 276,594	\$ 239,679	\$ 177,063	\$ 109,470	\$ 75,524	\$ 168,534	\$ 86,017	\$ (100,443)
University's covered payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 374,755	\$ 373,287
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	132.24%	96.32%

Cameron University Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset (Unaudited) OTRS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2021	2020	2019	2018
University's proportion of the net OPEB asset	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%
University's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 40,069	\$ 256,212	\$ 308,915	\$ 227,940
University's covered payroll	\$ 20,368,400	\$ 20,159,119	\$ 20,034,900	\$ 21,628,553
University's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.2%	1.3%	1.5%	1.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset	102.3%	115.1%	115.4%	110.4%

Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Cameron University Schedule of Employer Contributions (Unaudited) OTRS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2021	2020		2019	2018		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$	3,161	\$	3,706	\$ 13,922	\$	33,292	
contribution		(3,161)		(3,706)	 (13,922)		(33,292)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	-	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	22,036,661	\$	20,368,440	\$ 20,159,119	\$	20,034,900	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payr	(0.01%		0.02%	0.07%		0.17%	

Note to Schedule

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University Norman, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Cameron University (the University), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2021. Our report contained a reference to the report of other auditors, an emphasis of matter paragraph regarding the reporting entity, and an other matters paragraph regarding omission of required supplementary information. The financial statements of the Cameron University Foundation, discretely component unit, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with Cameron University Foundation.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University Page 66

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BKD,LIP

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 29, 2021

Cameron University

Single Audit Reports

June 30, 2021

Cameron University

June 30, 2021

Contents
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards1
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> – Independent Auditor's Report
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance – Independent Auditor's Report
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs9
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Cameron University Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DIRECT PROGRAMS					
Student Financial Assistance Cluster					
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007	None	s -	\$ 162,226	
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	None	· _	132,095	
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	None	-	7,824,895	
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	None	-	10,954,424	
TEACH Grant	84.379	None		54,131	
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster				19,127,771	
TRIO Program Cluster					
TRIO – Upward Bound	84.047A	None	-	310,514	
TRIO – Student Support Services	84.042A	None	-	435,470	
TRIO – Talent Search Grant	84.044A	None		453,040	
Total TRIO Program Cluster				1,199,024	
COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund					
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund – Student Aid Portion	84.425E	None	-	2,322,755	
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund – Institutional Portion	84.425F	None	-	3,234,848	
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund – Strengthening Institutions	84.425M	None		172,156	
Total COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund				5,729,759	
Title III					
Strengthening Institutions Program	84.031A	None		179,505	
Total Title III			<u> </u>	179,505	
Total U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs			<u> </u>	26,236,059	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASS-THROUGH PROGRAM FROM	м				
Oklahoma Department of Career and Technology Education					
Carl Perkins - Career and Technology Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	73-6017987		98,793	
Total U.S. Department of Education			-	26,334,852	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES PASS-THROUGH					
PROGRAM FROM					
Board of Regents of the University of Oklahoma – Centers for					
Academic Excellence	12.598	73-1377584	-	12,772	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				12,772	
U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION PASS-THROUGH					
U.S. SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION PASS-THROUGH PROGRAM FROM					
Oklahoma Small Business Development Center Network – Small	50.025			FR 001	
Business Development Centers	59.037	None		57,896	
Total U.S. Small Business Administration			-	57,896	
				57,070	

Cameron University Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, continued Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS SPACE ADMINISTRATION PASS-THROU	GH			
PROGRAM FROM Oklahoma State University Grant – Office of Stem Engagement	43.008	73-1383996	\$ -	\$ 39,794
Total National Aeronautics Space Administration				39,794
NATIONAL CENTER FOR RESEARCH RESOURCES PASS-THROUGH				
PROGRAMS FROM University of Oklahoma – OK IDeA – Biomedical Research and Research				
Training	93.859	73-1563627	-	13,849
University of Oklahoma - OK INBRE - Biomedical Research and Research				
Training	93.859	73-1563627		53,951
Total National Center for Research Resources				67,800
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION PASS-THROUGH PROGRAMS FROM				
Oklahoma State University - Oklahoma Lewis Stokes Alliance for Minority				
Participants – Education and Human Resources	47.076	73-1383996	-	11,600
Oklahoma EPSCoR – English and Applied Math Summer Academy – Integrative Activities	47.083	73-6017987		22 456
integrative Activities	47.083	/3-001/98/		22,456
Total National Science Foundation				34,056
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 26,547,170

Cameron University Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2021

Notes to Schedule

- 1. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Cameron University (the University) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the University, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the University.
- 2. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance or other regulatory requirements, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The University has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- 3. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the University did not provide any federal awards to subrecipients.



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University Norman, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Cameron University (the University), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2021. Our report contained a reference to the report of other auditors, an emphasis of matter paragraph regarding the reporting entity, and an other matters paragraph regarding omission of required supplementary information. The financial statements of Cameron University Foundation, a discretely presented component unit, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and, accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with Cameron University Foundation.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BKD,LLP

Tulsa, Oklahoma October 29, 2021



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University Norman, Oklahoma

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Cameron University's (the University) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the University's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the University's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance.



Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the University is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the University's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, described in the schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The University's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The University's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Regents of the University of Oklahoma Cameron University

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the University, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our report contained a reference to the report of other auditors, an emphasis of matter paragraph regarding the reporting entity, and an other matters paragraph regarding omission of required supplementary information. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

BKD,LLP

Tulsa, Oklahoma February 25, 2022

Cameron University Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

1. The type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) was:

	Student Financial Assistance Cluster		04.007
	Cluster/Program		Number
		А	ssistance Listing
7.	The University's major programs were:		
6.	The audit disclosed findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Xes Yes	🗌 No
	Unmodified Qualified Adverse	Disclaimer	
5.	The opinion expressed in the independent auditor's report on con programs was:	npliance for th	ne major federal award
	Material weaknesses?	Yes	🔀 No
	Significant deficiencies?	Yes Yes	None reported
4.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over complian programs disclosed:	ance for the m	ajor federal award
Fed	eral Awards		
3.	Noncompliance considered material to the financial statements was disclosed by the audit?	Yes	🖾 No
	Material weaknesses?	Yes	🖾 No
	Significant deficiencies?	Yes	None reported
2.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over financia	al reporting di	sclosed:
	Unmodified Qualified Adverse	Disclaimer	

Student Financial Assistance ClusterFederal Supplemental Education Opportunity Grants84.007Federal Work-Study Program84.033Federal Pell Grant Program84.063Federal Direct Student Loans84.268TEACH Grant84.379COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund – Higher Education84.425E, 84.425F, 84.425F, 84.425M

Cameron University Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, continued Year Ended June 30, 2021

- 8. The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The University qualified as a low-risk auditee?

Cameron University Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, continued Year Ended June 30, 2021

Findings Required to be Reported by *Government Auditing Standards*

Reference		
Number	Finding	

No matters are reportable.

Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

Reference Number	Finding
2021-001	Federal Program – Student Financial Assistance Cluster Assistance Listing Nos. 84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.268, 84.379
	Criteria or Specific Requirement – Return of Title IV Funds – 34 CFR §668.22
	Condition – The University did not review 18 of 26 R2T4 calculations tested.
	Questioned Costs – None
	Context – Out of a population of 174 students, 26 students were selected for testing. Of those student R2T4 calculations, 18 did not have evidence of review. Our sample was not, and was not intended to be, statistically valid.
	Effect – The University could have incorrect R2T4 calculations, though none were noted in our testing.
	Cause – The University did not have controls operating effectively to review the R2T4 calculations.
	Identification as a Repeat Finding, if Applicable – N/A
	Recommendation – The University should ensure the operating effectiveness of manual controls specific to the R2T4 calculation process to ensure that all R2T4 calculations are reviewed prior to returning funds. For manual controls, the University should ensure that the Director of Student Aid is reviewing the calculations.
	Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – This requirement had been overlooked due to a change in personnel in Student Financial Services. The Director of Student Financial Services has established the proper procedures regarding the R2T4 calculations and is now reviewing and approving each R2T4 calculation.

Reference Number	Summary of Finding	Status
2020-001	FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS	Resolved
	Type of Finding – Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting	
	Condition – During the audit process, a prior period adjustment was recorded, which restated prior year net position by \$821,515.	

Reference Number	Summary of Finding	Status
2020-002	FINDINGS – FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDITS	Resolved
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	
	Student Financial Aid Cluster – Assistance Listing Nos. 84.007, 84.063, 84.268	
	Criteria or Specific Requirement – 34 CFR 685.309(b) – Enrollment Reporting – Unless it expects to submit its next student status confirmation report to the Secretary within the next 60 days, notify the Secretary within 30 days if it discovers that a Direct Subsidized, Direct Unsubsidized, or Direct PLUS Loan has been made to or on behalf of a student who – (i) Enrolled at that school but has ceased to be enrolled on at least a half-time basis; (ii) Has been accepted for enrollment at that school but failed to enroll on at least a half-time basis for the period for which the loan was intended; or (iii) Has changed his or her permanent address.	

Reference Number	Summary of Finding	Status
2020-003	Student Financial Aid Cluster – Assistance Listing Nos. 84.063, 84.268	Resolved
	Criteria or Specific Requirement – OMB No. 1845-0021 – Institutions must report all loan disbursements and submit required records to Common Origination and Disbursement (COD) within 15 days of disbursement. Each month, the COD provides institutions with a School Account Statement (SAS) data file, which consists of a Cash Summary, Cash Detail, and (optional at the request of the school) Loan Detail records. The school is required to reconcile these files to the institution's financial records.	

Reference Number	Summary of Finding	Status
2020-004	Student Financial Aid Cluster – Assistance Listing Nos. 84.007, 84.033, 84.038, 84.063, 84.268, 84.379	Resolved
	Criteria or Specific Requirement – The <i>Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act</i> (Public Law 106-102) requires financial institutions to explain their information-sharing practices to their customers and to safeguard sensitive data (16 CFR 314). The Federal Trade Commission considers Title IV-eligible institutions that participate in Title IV Education Assistance Programs as "financial institutions" and subject to the <i>Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act</i> (16 CFR 313.3(k)(2)(vi)).	

Reference Number	Summary of Finding	Status
2020-005	Student Financial Aid Cluster – Assistance Listing Nos. 84.007, 84.033, 84.038, 84.063, 84.268, 84.379	Resolved
	Criteria or Specific Requirement – An institution that is not required to take attendance may use as the withdrawal date, the last date of attendance at an academically related activity as documented by the institution (34 CFR 668.22(c) and (d)). In accordance with 34 CFR 668.22(a)(1), when a recipient of Title IV grant or loan assistance withdraws from an institution during a payment period or period of enrollment in which the recipient began attendance, the institution must determine the amount of Title IV grant or loan assistance that the student earned as of the student's withdrawal date.	

Reference Number	Summary of Finding	Status
2020-006	Student Financial Aid Cluster – Assistance Listing No. 84.268	Resolved
	Criteria or Specific Requirement -34 CFR $685.300(b)(5)$ requires the University on a monthly basis to reconcile the institutional records with the Direct Loan funds received from the Secretary and the Direct Loan disbursement records submitted to and accepted by the Secretary.	



BUSINESS AND FINANCE

Department of Education

Cameron University respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Audit period: July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021

The findings from the schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

FINDINGS—FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDITS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

2021-001 Student Financial Aid Cluster – CFDA No. 84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.268, 84.379

Recommendation: The University should ensure the operating effectiveness of manual controls specific to the R2T4 calculation process to ensure that all R2T4 calculations are reviewed prior to returning funds. For manual controls, the University should ensure that the Director of Student Aid is reviewing the calculations.

Explanation of disagreement with audit finding: There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Action taken in response to finding: The requirement had been overlooked due to a change in personnel in Student Financial Services. The Director of Student Financial Assistance Services has established the proper procedures regarding the R2T4 calculations and is now reviewing and approving each R2T4 calculation.

Name(s) of the contact person(s) responsible for corrective action: Caryn Pacheco, Director of Financial Assistance Services

Planned completion date for corrective action plan: March 2022

If the Department of Education has questions regarding this plan, please call Amanda Koll at (580) 581-5577.